## FY 2019 TEMPLATE Environmental Collaboration and Conflict Resolution (ECCR)<sup>1</sup> Policy Report to OMB-CEQ

On September 7, 2012, the Director of the Office of Management and Budget (OMB), and the Chairman of the President's Council on Environmental Quality (CEQ) issued a revised policy memorandum on environmental collaboration and conflict resolution (ECCR). This joint memo builds on, reinforces, and replaces the memo on ECR issued in 2005.

The memorandum requires annual reporting by departments and agencies to OMB and CEQ on progress made each year in implementing the ECCR policy direction to increase the effective use and institutional capacity for ECCR.

ECCR is defined in Section 2 of the 2012 memorandum as:

"... third-party assisted collaborative problem solving and conflict resolution in the context of environmental, public lands, or natural resources issues or conflicts, including matters related to energy, transportation, and water and land management.

The term Environmental Collaboration and Conflict Resolution encompasses a range of assisted collaboration, negotiation, and facilitated dialogue processes and applications. These processes directly engage affected interests and Federal department and agency decision makers in collaborative problem solving and conflict resolution.

Multi-issue, multi-party environmental disputes or controversies often take place in high conflict and low trust settings, where the assistance of impartial facilitators or mediators can be instrumental to reaching agreement and resolution. Such disputes range broadly from policy and regulatory disputes to administrative adjudicatory disputes, civil judicial disputes, intra- and interagency disputes, and disputes with non-Federal persons and entities.

Environmental Collaboration and Conflict Resolution can be applied during policy development or planning in the context of a rulemaking, administrative decision making, enforcement, or litigation with appropriate attention to the particular requirements of those processes. These contexts typically involve situations where a Federal department or agency has ultimate responsibility for decision making and there may be disagreement or conflict among Federal, Tribal, State and local governments and agencies, public interest organizations, citizens groups, and business and industry groups.

Although Environmental Collaboration and Conflict Resolution refers specifically to collaborative and conflict resolution processes aided by third-party neutrals, there is a broad array of partnerships, cooperative arrangements, and unassisted negotiations that Federal agencies may pursue with non-Federal entities to plan, manage, and implement department and agency programs and activities. The Basic Principles for Agency Engagement in Environmental Conflict Resolution and Collaborative Problem Solving are presented in Attachment B. The Basic Principles provide guidance that applies to both Environmental Conflict Resolution and unassisted collaborative problem solving and conflict resolution. This policy recognizes the importance and value of the appropriate use of all forms collaborative problem solving and conflict resolution."

This annual reporting template is provided in accordance with the memo for activities in FY 2019.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> The term 'ECCR' includes third-party neutral assistance in environmental collaboration and environmental conflict resolution

#### The report deadline is February 22, 2020.

We understand that collecting this information may be challenging; however, the departments and agencies are requested to collect this data to the best of their abilities. The FY 2019 report, along with previous reports, will establish a useful baseline for your department or agency. Departments should submit a single report that includes ECCR information from the agencies and other entities within the department. The information in your report will become part of an analysis of all FY 2019 ECCR reports. You may be contacted for the purpose of clarifying information in your report. For your reference, prior year synthesis reports are available at: <a href="https://udall.gov/OurPrograms/Institute/ECRReport.aspx">https://udall.gov/OurPrograms/Institute/ECRReport.aspx</a>

# FY 19 ECCR Report Template

Name of Department/Agency responding:	The National Guard Bureau (NGB)
Name and Title/Position of person responding:	Karen White, ADR Specialist/Mediator
Division/Office of person responding:	NG-Equity & Inclusion (EI)
Contact information (phone/email):	Phone: 703-607-0770; Email: Karen.a.white54.civ@mail.mil
Date this report is being submitted:	7 FEBRUARY 2020
Name of ECCR Forum Representative	<u>N/A</u>

PLEASE NOTE: WYARNG submitted FY2018 report after reporting submission suspense date; however, has information that is ongoing into the FY2019 and is submitted in this report. ECCR POC Responder to this report received guidance from ECCR WDC Office to submit FY2018 WYARNG information in this report. It will be noted as \*\*FY2018 WYARNG.

## 1. ECCR Capacity Building Progress

a) Describe any NEW, CHANGED, or ACTIVELY ONGOING steps taken by your department or agency to build programmatic and institutional capacity for environmental collaboration and conflict resolution in FY 2019, including progress made since FY 2018. Please also include any efforts to establish routine procedures for considering ECCR in specific situations or categories of cases, including any efforts to provide <u>institutional support</u> for non-assisted collaboration efforts. Please refer to your agency's FY2018 report to only include new, changed or actively ongoing ECCR capacity building progress. If none, leave this section blank.

(Please refer to the mechanisms and strategies presented in Section 5 and attachment C of the <u>OMB-CEQ ECCR Policy Memo</u> for additional guidance on what to include here. Examples include but are not restricted to efforts to

- integrate ECCR objectives into agency mission statements, Government Performance and Results Act goals, and strategic planning;
- assure that your agency's infrastructure supports ECCR;
- invest in support, programs, or trainings; and d) focus on accountable performance and achievement.

You are encouraged to attach policy statements, plans and other relevant documents.

FY2019:MEARNG closely follows Maine Department of Environmental Protection (MEDEP) and Maine Army National Guard (MEARNG) regulations and policies for early regulator, tribal, and public involvement in construction and operation permitting and NEPA analysis. By being transparent and following these existing requirements, MEARNG builds trust and avoids the need for third-party mediation. FY19 implementation: Two public meetings in Woodville, ME (affected community) and one in Farmington, ME regarding development of a new major training site.

\*\*FY2018:WYARNG: Efforts were made to create a Programmatic Agreement between the WY SHPO, BLM and WYARNG to outline streamlined consultation processes and reporting. It has been signed by BLM, SHPO, WYARNG and is waiting ACHP signature.

b) Please describe the trainings given in your department/agency in FY 19. Please include a list of the trainings if possible. If known, provide the course names and if possible, the total number of people trained. Please refer to your agency's FY2019 report to include only trainings given in F 2019. **If none, leave this section blank.** 

## 2. ECCR Investments and Benefits

a) Please describe any **NEW or CHANGED or INNOVATIVE** investments made in ECCR in FY2019. Examples of investments may include ECCR programmatic FTEs, dedicated ECCR budgets, funds spent on contracts to support ECCR cases and programs, etc.

Please refer to your agency's FY2018 report to only include new, changed, or innovative investments made in ECCR. **If none, leave this section blank.** 

\*\*FY2018: WYARNG: Consultation requirements under SEC 106 and 110 made compliance cumbersome and often time sensitive. This agreement minimized the number of times and instances where official consultation was necessary. This saves time and resources, improving the ENV office relationship with operations and CFMO by reducing or eliminating time delays.

b) Please describe any **NEW or CHANGED or INNOVATIVE** benefits realized when using ECCR.

Examples of benefits may include cost savings, environmental and natural resource results, furtherance of agency mission, improved working relationship with stakeholders, litigation avoided, timely project progression, etc.

Please refer to your agency's previous report to only include new or innovative methodology to identify ECCR investments and benefits. If none, leave this section blank.

\*\*FY2018 WYARNG: PA is pending signature. Benefits will be calculated in the next FY (no estimated date given). Cost benefit in implementing this PA will reduce time and ultimately cost associated with reactive measures.

## 3. ECCR Use

Describe the level of ECCR use within your department/agency in FY 2019 by completing the three tables below. [Please refer to the definition of ECCR from the OMB-CEQ memo as presented on page one of this template. An ECCR "case or project" is an instance of neutral third-party involvement to assist parties in a collaborative or conflict resolution process.] In order not to double count processes, please select one category per case for decision making forums and for ECCR applications.

	Total FY 2019 ECCR Cases <sup>2</sup>	Decision making forum that was addressing the issues when ECCR was initiated:			
Context for ECCR Applications:		Federal agency decision	Administrative proceedings /appeals	Judicial proceedings	Other (specify)
Policy development					
Planning					
Siting and construction					
Rulemaking					
License and permit issuance					
Compliance and enforcement action					
Implementation/monitoring agreements					
Other (specify):					
TOTAL			ne sum of the Decisi buld equal <b>Total FY</b>		

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> An "ECCR case" is a case in which a third-party neutral was active in a particular matter during FY 2019.

	Interagency ECCR Cases and Projects	
	Other Federal Agencies Only	Including non federal participants (includes states, Tribes, and non governmental)
Context for ECCR Applications:		
Policy development		
Planning		
Siting and construction		
Rulemaking		
License and permit issuance		
Compliance and enforcement action		
Implementation/monitoring agreements		
Other (specify):		
TOTAL		

Context for ECCR Applications:	ECCR Cases or projects <b>completed</b> <sup>3</sup>	ECCR Cases or Projects <b>sponsored</b> <sup>4</sup>
Policy development		
Planning		
Siting and construction		
Rulemaking		
License and permit issuance		
Compliance and enforcement action		
Implementation/monitoring agreements		
Other (specify):		
TOTAL		

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> A "completed case" means that neutral third party involvement in a particular ECCR case ended during FY 2019. The end of neutral third party involvement does not necessarily mean that the parties have concluded their collaboration/negotiation/dispute resolution process, that all issues are resolved, or that agreement has been reached.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> Sponsored - to be a sponsor of an ECCR case means that an agency is contributing financial or in-kind resources (e.g., a staff mediator's time) to provide the neutral third party's services for that case. More than one sponsor is possible for a given ECCR case.

Note: If you subtract completed ECCR cases from Total FY 2019 cases it should equal total ongoing cases. If you subtract sponsored ECCR cases from Total FY 2019 ECCR cases it should equal total cases in which your agency or department participated but did not sponsor. If you subtract the combined interagency ECCR cases from Total FY 2019 cases it should equal total cases from Total FY 2019 cases it should equal total cases from Total FY involved only your agency or department with no other federal agency involvement.

## 4. ECCR Case Example

Using the template below, provide a description of an ECCR case (preferably **completed** in FY 2019). If possible, focus on an interagency ECCR case. Please limit the length to **no more than 1 page**.

Name/Identification of Problem/Conflict	
Overview of problem/conflict and timeline, including reference to the nature and timing of the third- party assistance, and how the ECCR effort was funded.	
Summary of how the problem or conflict was addressed using ECCR, including details of any innovative approaches to ECCR, and how the principles for engagement in ECCR outlined in the policy memo were used.	
Identify the key beneficial outcomes of this case, including references to likely alternative decision-making forums and how the outcomes differed as a result of ECCR.	
Reflections on the lessons learned from the use of ECCR.	

#### 5. Other ECCR Notable Cases

Briefly describe any other notable ECCR cases in the past fiscal year. (OPTIONAL)

\*\*FY2018WYARNG: Multiple damage assessments due to troop causing damages to cultural resources.

#### 6. Priority Uses of ECCR

Please describe your agency's **NEW or CHANGED** efforts to address priority or emerging areas of conflict and cross-cutting challenges either individually or in coordination with other agencies. For example, consider the following areas: NEPA, ESA, CERCLA, energy development, energy transmission, CWA 404 permitting, tribal consultation, environmental justice, management of ocean resources, infrastructure development, National Historic Preservation Act, other priority areas. Please refer to your agency's FY2018 report to only include new or increased priority uses. **If none, leave this section blank.** 

\*\*FY2018WYARNG: PA was developed to streamline consultation process in hopes to minimize time delays and improve coordination with agencies.

## 7. Non-Third-Party-assisted Collaboration Processes (Optional)

Briefly describe other **significant** uses of environmental collaboration that your agency has undertaken in FY 2019 to anticipate, prevent, better manage, or resolve environmental issues and conflicts that do not include a third-party neutral. *Examples may include interagency MOUs, enhanced public engagement, and structural committees with the capacity to resolve disputes, etc.* **If none, leave this section blank.** 

FY2019MEARNG: closely follows Maine Department of Environmental Protection (MEDEP) and Army National Guard (ARNG) regulations and policies for early regulator, tribal, and public involvement in construction and operation permitting and NEPA analysis. By being transparent and following these existing requirements, MEARNG builds trust and avoids the need for third-party mediation.

FY19 implementation: Two required public outreach meetings in Woodville, ME (affected community) and one in Farmington, ME regarding development of a new major training site in Woodville, ME.

\*\*FY2018WYARNG: Above stated PA with SHPO, WYARNG, BLM, NGB, ACHP

### 8. Comments and Suggestions on Reporting

Please comment on any **NEW or CHANGED** difficulties you encountered in collecting these data and if and how you overcame them. Please provide suggestions for improving these questions in the future. Please reference your agency's FY2018 report to identify new/increased difficulties. **If none, leave this section blank.** 

## Please attach any additional information as warranted.

Report due February 21, 2020. Submit report electronically to: <u>kavanaugh&@udall.gov</u>

## Basic Principles for Agency Engagement in Environmental Conflict Resolution and Collaborative Problem Solving

Informed Commitment	Confirm willingness and availability of appropriate agency leadership and staff at all levels to commit to principles of engagement; ensure commitment to participate in good faith with open mindset to new perspectives
Balanced, Voluntary Representation	Ensure balanced inclusion of affected/concerned interests; all parties should be willing and able to participate and select their own representatives
Group Autonomy	Engage with all participants in developing and governing process; including choice of consensus-based decision rules; seek assistance as needed from impartial facilitator/mediator selected by and accountable to all parties
Informed Process	Seek agreement on how to share, test and apply relevant information (scientific, cultural, technical, etc.) among participants; ensure relevant information is accessible and understandable by all participants
Accountability	Participate in the process directly, fully, and in good faith; be accountable to all participants, as well as agency representatives and the public
Openness	Ensure all participants and public are fully informed in a timely manner of the purpose and objectives of process; communicate agency authorities, requirements and constraints; uphold confidentiality rules and agreements as required for particular proceedings
Timeliness	Ensure timely decisions and outcomes
Implementation	Ensure decisions are implementable consistent with federal law and policy; parties should commit to identify roles and responsibilities necessary to implement agreement; parties should agree in advance on the consequences of a party being unable to provide necessary resources or implement agreement; ensure parties will take steps to implement and obtain resources necessary to agreement